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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN JOSE DIVISION

IN RE SEAGATE TECHNOLOGY LLC
LITIGATION

No. 5:16-cv-00523-RMW

CONSOLIDATED ACTION

AMENDED
~~PROPOSED~~ STIPULATED ORDER
RE: DISCOVERY OF
ELECTRONICALLY STORED
INFORMATION

A. PURPOSE

Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties, this Order will govern discovery of electronically stored information (“ESI”) in the above captioned case and all actions that are later consolidated with this case (collectively, the “Litigation”) as a supplement to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, this Court’s Guidelines for the Discovery of Electronically Stored Information, and any other applicable orders and rules. Capitalized terms in this Order are defined in the attached Exhibit A.

B. COOPERATION

The parties are aware of the importance the Court places on cooperation and commit to cooperate in good faith throughout the matter consistent with this Court’s Guidelines for the Discovery of ESI.

C. LIAISON

Within 10 days after entry of this stipulation and Order, the parties will identify ESI liaisons to each other who are and will be knowledgeable about and responsible for discussing their respective ESI. Each ESI liaison will be, or have access to those who are, knowledgeable about the technical aspects of e-discovery, including the location, nature, accessibility, format, collection, search methodologies, and production of ESI in this matter. The parties will rely on the ESI liaisons, as needed, to confer about ESI and to help resolve disputes without court intervention. Any party is free to change its designated ESI Liaison by providing written notice to the other parties.

D. PRESERVATION

The parties will discuss their preservation obligations and needs and agree that preservation of potentially relevant ESI will be reasonable and proportionate. Given the nature and complexity of these coordinated actions, the parties agree to address methods to reduce the costs and burdens of preservation and to ensure proper ESI is preserved. The parties shall meet and confer as early as possible to discuss, *inter alia*:

- 1) Ranges of creation or receipt dates for ESI to be preserved;
- 2) Description of data from sources that are not reasonably accessible and that will not be reviewed for responsiveness or produced, but that will be preserved pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(2)(B);

- 3) Data from sources that either party believe could contain relevant information but is not discoverable and should not be preserved, upon balancing the proportionality factors;
- 4) Whether to suspend any automated document destruction program of electronically-recorded material;
- 5) Custodians for whom ESI will be preserved, including names or general titles and the number of custodians;
- 6) Systems, if any, that contain ESI not associated with individual custodians that will be preserved; and
- 7) Any disputes related to scope or manner of preservation.

The following categories of ESI are not discoverable—and, to the extent that they exist, need not be retained, processed, reviewed, or produced—except upon a showing of good cause: (a) recorded voice messages; (b) temporary data stored in a computer’s random access memory (RAM), or other ephemeral data that are difficult to preserve without disabling the operating system; (b) common system and program files; (c) Online Access Data; (d) electronic mail sent to or from mobile devices (e.g., iPhone and Blackberry devices), provided that a copy of such mail is saved elsewhere; (e) other electronic data stored on a mobile device, such as calendar or contact data or notes, provided that a copy of such information is saved elsewhere; (f) Network Access and Server Activity Logs; (g) on-line access data such as temporary internet files, history, cache, cookies, etc.; (h) data in metadata fields that are frequently updated automatically, such as last-opened dates.

E. SEARCH

The parties will continue to cooperate in good faith regarding the disclosure and formulation of appropriate search terms and protocols used to search for ESI responsive to document requests served pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34. The parties shall meet and confer as early as possible to discuss, *inter alia*:

- 1) Disclosure of search terms used to search for documents responsive to document requests, including semantic synonyms. Semantic synonyms shall mean without limitation code words, terms, phrases or illustrations, acronyms, abbreviations, or non-

language alphanumeric associational references to relevant ESI, or information that may lead to the discovery of relevant ESI;

- 2) Post-search error sampling and sampling/testing reports, if any; and
- 3) Potential use of computer-assisted review or predictive coding techniques.

The parties will meet and confer, prior to the application of search terms to find documents responsive to party document requests, and will review any search terms proposed and/or requested by the parties. The parties will continue to meet and confer regarding any search process issues as necessary and appropriate, including any supplemental requests to add additional search terms based on supplemental document productions by either party. If the Receiving Party has reason to believe that a production is missing relevant ESI or contains substantial amounts of irrelevant ESI, the parties agree to promptly meet and confer regarding potential quality control methods that the Producing Party can implement.

This ESI protocol does not address or resolve any other objection to the scope of the parties' respective discovery requests.

F. PRODUCTION FORMATS

The parties agree that documents produced in these proceedings, whether originally stored in paper or electronic form, shall be produced in electronic form in the manner as described below. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this paragraph, the Parties reserve the right to request that an alternative format or method of production be used for certain Documents. In that event, the Receiving Party and the Producing Party will meet and confer to discuss alternative production requirements, concerns, formats, or methods.

- 1) **Document Format.** Documents shall be produced according to the following formats:

- i. Electronic Production of Paper Documents. Documents that are maintained in paper format shall be scanned per document and converted to a Static Image, and, except as otherwise provided below, shall be produced as black and white 1-bit TIFF images at 300 x 300 d.p.i. or greater resolution, in Group 4 compression single-page TIFFs and reflect the full and complete information contained in the original Document.

Documents shall also be produced with the associated OCR, and with an index file, in accordance with Paragraph F(1)(iii)(A), below. In the event a Document is redacted, the Producing Party shall withhold the redacted text for that Document.

ii. Electronically Stored Information. Except as provided in Paragraph F(1)(iii)(E) below, Document images shall be generated from electronic Documents in a Group 4 compression single-page “TIFF” image that reflects the full and complete information contained on the original Document. All black and white images must be in 1-bit TIFF image format and color documents, if applicable, must be in 8-bit JPG image format, together with an index file or functional equivalent specified in Paragraph F(1)(iii)(A) that contains the metadata as set forth in Paragraph F(8), below, and Extracted Text or associated OCR or a link thereto. In the event a Document is redacted, the Producing Party shall withhold the redacted text for that Document.

iii. File Structure. Each production shall include the following unless otherwise agreed between the parties:

A) Index File:

- a. Each production has one index file, in .DAT file format.
- b. The format of the DAT file should use Western European (Windows) encoding Standard Concordance delimiters shall be used:
 - i. Comma — ASCII character 20 (¶);
 - ii. Quote — ASCII character 254 (b); and
 - iii. Newline — ASCII character 174 (®).
- c. First line must contain column/field names.
- d. The fields BEGINBATES, ENDBATES, TEXTPATH and NATIVELINK must be present.

- e. Each subsequent row must contain the Metadata for one Document.
- f. Every row must have the same number of columns/fields (empty values are acceptable).
- g. File should be placed in the root directory.

B) OCR and Extracted Text Files (.TXT Files):

- a. A single text file for each Document containing all the Document's pages, in text.
- b. Filenames should be of the form: <Bates num>.txt, where <Bates num> is the Bates number of the first page of the Document, filenames should not contain spaces.
- c. Text must be encoded in Western European (Windows) format.
- d. The TEXTPATH of the OCR or Extracted Text files should be included as a field in the DAT file listed above.
- e. Files should be placed in the text/ subdirectory.

C) Image Files:¹

- a. A single image for each page in each Document.
- b. A single image per file (no multi-page image files).
- c. The default format should be 1-bit black and white single-page TIFF images and 24-bit color JPG images, if applicable.
- d. Filenames should be of the form: <Bates num>.<ext>, where <Bates num> is the BATES number of the page, and <ext> is the appropriate extension for the image format (.jpg, .tif, .png, etc.), filenames should not contain spaces.

¹ Not required for documents produced in Native Format

e. Files should be placed in the images/ subdirectory.

D) Native Files:

- a. Native files need only be produced for (a) Microsoft Excel files, (b) Microsoft PowerPoint files, and (c) other files that the parties may agree should be produced natively pursuant to Paragraph F(1)(iii)(E), below.
- b. Where Documents are produced in Native Format (pursuant to Paragraph F(1)(iii)(E), below) filenames must be unique in the production, unless the content is identical; preferably by naming files by the starting Bates number of the associated document.
- c. The filename of a native file must retain the file extension corresponding to the original Native Format; for example, an Excel 2003 spreadsheet's extension must be .XLS.
- d. Each native file filename must correspond to the NATIVELINK metadata field in its corresponding document's row in the DAT file.
- e. Where native files are produced pursuant to this subsection, it is unnecessary to produce Image files, such as TIFF images, other than the Bates stamped native placeholder documents discussed below.
- f. Any native file text must be encoded in Western European (Windows) format.
- g. Native files should be placed in the native's subdirectory.

E) Native Format Documents. The parties recognize that it may be appropriate for certain Documents to be produced in Native Format. Therefore, the Producing Party shall produce all .XLS spreadsheets and .PPT presentations in Native Format, unless there is an agreement

1 to the contrary, with Bates stamped native placeholder documents
2 representing native documents for purposes of document
3 identification and confidentiality designations. The Receiving Party
4 may also request that the Producing Party produce additional file
5 types of electronic Documents in Native Format where the converted
6 image format distorts or causes the information to be improperly
7 displayed, or for which there is no visual representation, such as audio
8 files. The parties will meet and confer regarding such requests.

9 If a Document to be produced as a Native Format contains
10 privileged information as well as non-privileged information, it shall
11 be produced in TIFF format with redactions rather than Native Format.

12 To the extent the Producing Party wishes to establish additional
13 procedures for the protection of confidential information as defined in
14 any applicable Protective Order entered herein produced in Native
15 Format, the Producing Party and the Receiving Party shall meet and
16 confer to establish additional procedures, to the extent necessary, for
17 the protection of the information in Native Format.

- 18 iv. Color. Documents shall be produced in black and white in the first
19 instance. If a produced Document contains color and that color is
20 necessary to decipher the meaning, context, or content of the document,
21 the Producing Party shall honor reasonable requests for either the
22 production of the original Document for inspection and copying or
23 production of a color image of the Document.
- 24 v. Resolution of Production Issues. If Documents cannot be read because of
25 imaging or formatting problems, the Producing Party and the Receiving
26 Party shall meet and confer to attempt to resolve problem(s), to the extent
27 the problem(s) are within the Parties' control.
- 28

2) **Production Media.** A Producing Party shall produce Documents on such readily accessible computer or electronic media as the Producing Party and the Receiving Party may hereafter agree upon (the “Production Media”). Information that shall be identified on the face of the Production Media shall include: (1) the production date, and (2) the confidentiality notation required by the Protective Order entered in this case, if the media contains Confidential Information, as defined in the Protective Order. The face of the Production Media shall also contain the Bates Number range(s) of the Documents on the Production Media, and where not practicable to do so, may be provided in an accompanying letter. If the Producing Party encrypts or “locks” the production, the Producing Party shall include with the production or in a separate letter or email an explanation of how to decrypt the files. The parties agree to the following production formats: SFTP site, CD, DVD or external USB hard drive, whichever results in the least number of items.

3) **Production of Structured Data.** To the extent a response to discovery requires production of discoverable electronic information contained in a Database, in lieu of producing the Database, the parties shall meet and confer to, with an understanding of which fields are relevant, agree upon a set of queries to be made for discoverable information and generate a report in a reasonably usable and exportable electronic file (e.g., Excel or CSV format) for review by the Requesting Party or counsel. Upon review of the report(s), the Requesting Party may make reasonable requests for additional information to explain the Database scheme, codes, abbreviations, and different report formats or to request specific data from identified fields.

If a Producing Party asserts that certain ESI is inaccessible or otherwise unnecessary or inadvisable under the circumstances, or if the Requesting Party asserts that, following production, certain ESI is not reasonably usable, the parties shall meet and confer with their respective technology experts to discuss resolving such assertions. If the parties cannot resolve any such disputes after such a meet and confer has taken place, the issue shall be presented to the Court for resolution- following the procedures stated in the undersigned's Standing Order re: Civil Discovery Disputes.

- 1 4) **Document Unitization.** Paper documents scanned into Document Images shall be
2 logically unitized in a manner so as to maintain the document(s) and any attachments, as
3 they existed in their original state, if possible. For electronic documents, the relationship
4 of Documents in a Document collection (e.g., cover letter and enclosures, e-mail and
5 attachments, binder containing multiple documents, or other documents where a parent-
6 child relationship exists between the documents) shall be maintained through the
7 scanning or conversion process from Native Format to TIFF, provided however that the
8 Parties shall only be required to present one level of parent-child relationship. Document
9 Images generated from attachments to e-mails stored in Native Format shall be produced
10 contemporaneously and sequentially immediately after the parent e-mail. All hard copy
11 Documents imaged and produced electronically shall include a unitization file (“index
12 file”) in accordance with paragraph F(1)(iii)(a).
- 13 5) **Duplicates.** The Producing Party may remove duplicate Documents pursuant to the
14 following limitations: removal of duplicates shall only be done on exact duplicate
15 Documents (based on MD5 or SHA-1 hash values at the Document level). As a general
16 rule, a Producing Party may de-duplicate its production within a source (custodian), or
17 across the entire production (cross-custodian/globally). With respect to hard copy
18 documents for which metadata does not exist, however, a Producing Party may only de-
19 duplicate within a source (e.g., custodian), provided however that if the Producing Party
20 provides the custodian field for metadata as requested in Exhibit B it may de-duplicate
21 across the entire production. If a Producing Party de-duplicates across the entire
22 production (globally), the Producing Party shall provide both of the following: (1) the
23 name of each custodian possessing the de-duplicated copy; and (2) the metadata
24 indicating any BCCs on any de-duplicated emails.

25 Where any such Documents have attachments, hash values must be identical
26 for both the document-plus-attachment (including associated metadata) as well as for
27 any attachment (including associated metadata) standing alone. Nothing in this
28 paragraph is intended to resolve a Producing Party’s objections in written discovery

requests on the ground that the request is duplicative because the requested Documents were produced or are being produced by other parties.

6) **Paper Documents Containing Fixed Notes.** Paper Documents that contain fixed notes shall be scanned with the notes affixed, if it can be done so in a manner so as not to obstruct other content on the Document. If the content of the Document is obscured by the affixed notes, the Document and note shall be scanned separately.

7) **Bates Numbering and Other Unique Identifiers.** Each Producing Party shall Bates number its production(s) as follows:

- i. Document Images. Each page of a produced Document—except Native Files— shall have a legible, unique page identifier (“Bates Number”) electronically “burned” onto the image at a location that does not unreasonably obliterate, conceal, or interfere with any information from the source document. The Bates Numbers shall be enumerated as defined above in Definitions. The Producing Party will use a consistent prefix throughout the matter unless good reason exists for using a different prefix. No other legend or stamp will be placed on the Document Image other than a confidentiality legend (where applicable), redactions, the Bates Number identified above, and any other internal tracking number that the Producing Party may choose to use. The confidentiality legend shall be “burned” onto a Document’s image at a location that does not unreasonably obliterate or obscure any information from the source document.
- ii. Native Format Documents. In the event Native Format Documents are produced, in order to preserve the integrity of those Native Format Documents, no Bates Number, confidentiality legend or internal tracking number should be added to the content of the Native Document unless otherwise agreed between the Producing Party and the Receiving Party during any meet and confer related to confidentiality protections for Native

Format Documents; however, the Producing Party will provide a MD5 Hash Value for each Native Format Document.

- 8) **Metadata.** The Producing Party shall produce the metadata information described in Exhibit B, if available, with each production and in the format described in Paragraph F(1)(iii)(a) above. The Producing Party has no obligation or duty to fill in any metadata fields or create any metadata that is not present with the original file. For each Document, the Producing Party shall produce a line in the index file with the fields identified in Exhibit B, where available. The field naming conventions shall be as described in Exhibit B unless otherwise agreed and consistently applied across all productions.
- 9) **Compressed Files.** Compression file types (i.e., .CAB, .GZ, .TAR, .Z, .ZIP) shall be decompressed in a reiterative manner to ensure that a zip within a zip is decompressed into the lowest possible compression resulting in individual folders and/or files.

G. PRODUCTION OF PAPER DOCUMENTS

- 1) **Unitization of Paper Documents:** Paper documents should be logically unitized for production. Therefore, when scanning or producing paper documents, distinct documents shall not be merged into a single file or database record, and distinct documents shall not be split into multiple files or database records. The parties will make their best efforts to unitize documents correctly.
- 2) **File/Binder Structures (Parent-Child Unitization):** Where multiple documents were organized into groups, such as folders, clipped bundles and binders, each distinct document shall be unitized as described above, but maintained together in a parent-child relationship. The parties will make their best efforts to unitize parent-children groups correctly.
- 3) **Identification:** Where a document or a document group – such as folder, clipped bundle, or binder – has an identification spine, “Post-It Note” or any other label, the information on the label shall be scanned and produced as the first page of the document or grouping.

1 **4) Custodian Identification:** The parties will utilize best efforts to ensure that paper
 2 records for a particular custodian, which are included in a single production, are
 3 produced in consecutive Bates stamp order.

4 **H. PHASING**

5 When a party propounds discovery requests pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34,
 6 the parties agree to promptly meet and confer regarding the sources and custodians of the initial
 7 production of ESI and the phasing of the production of ESI, should such phasing be appropriate.

8 **I. OBJECTIONS TO ESI PRODUCTION**

9 If either party objects to producing requested information in the formats described herein on
 10 the grounds that such information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost,
 11 before asserting such an objection, the responding party will inform the requesting party of any
 12 format in which it is willing to produce the requested data, the nature and location of the information
 13 claimed to not be reasonably accessible, the reason(s) why the requested form of production would
 14 impose an undue burden or is unreasonably costly, and afford the requesting party 10 business days
 15 from receipt of such notice to propose an alternative means of compliance with the request. Such
 16 proposal may include alternative cost estimates for ESI discovery production, may offer a proposal
 17 for ESI discovery cost allocation, or both.

18 The parties shall meet and confer in good faith to resolve any dispute regarding a proposed
 19 deviation from the provisions of this stipulation. To the extent the parties are unable to resolve any
 20 such dispute, each party reserves the right to seek judicial intervention in compliance with the
 21 relevant court rules and orders.[^] Nothing in this Order negates the parties' ongoing obligations to
 22 report spoliation of evidence. ^{including the undersigned's Standing Order re: Civil Discovery Disputes.}
 23 Any Discovery Dispute Joint Report shall affirm compliance with the meet-and-confer
 24 requirements outlined in this paragraph and subsequent compliance with the separate
 25 meet-and-confer requirements in the Standing Order re: Civil Discovery Disputes.

23 **J. DOCUMENTS PROTECTED FROM DISCOVERY**

24 1) For any document withheld in its entirety or produced but redacted on the basis of
 25 privilege or work product protections, the party withholding the document(s) (the
 26 "Withholding Party") will produce privilege/redaction logs consistent with the
 27 requirements of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

- 1 2) Privilege logs shall be in Excel format or any other format that permits electronic sorting
2 and searching. When there is a chain of privileged e-mails, the Withholding Party need
3 only include one entry for the top/most recent email on the privilege/redaction log for the
4 entire e-mail chain and need not log each e-mail contained in the chain separately. For
5 each document withheld or redacted, the producing party's privilege/redaction logs shall
6 include the following information: (a) custodian or source; (b) date; (c) author(s); (d) for
7 documents produced but redacted on the ground of privilege, the starting and ending
8 Bates number; (e) recipient(s), CC(s) and BCC(s) (for e-mail and hardcopy
9 communication such as letters and internal memoranda); (f) specification of the privilege
10 claimed; and (g) a description of the document and the basis for the privilege or redaction
11 claim. Privilege/redaction logs shall be produced within 45 days of the production, or
12 another time period mutually agreed to by the parties.
- 13 3) Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(b), the production of a privileged or work-
14 product-protected document, whether inadvertent or otherwise, is not an automatic waiver
15 of privilege or protection from discovery in this case or in any other federal or state
16 proceeding. For example, the mere production of privileged or work-product-protected
17 documents in this case as part of a mass production is not itself a waiver in this case or in
18 any other federal or state proceeding, and the Parties agree that the standard set forth in
19 Rule 502(b) shall apply.
- 20 4) The parties intend to meet and confer regarding, and enter into, a Stipulation and Order
21 pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 502(d) for this litigation, which will address
22 all other issues of privilege, including the production of privileged or protected
23 documents or information.
- 24 5) Communications involving trial counsel that postdate the filing of the complaint need not
25 be placed in a privilege log. Communications may be identified on a privilege log by
26 category, rather than individually, if appropriate.

K. PROPORTIONALITY AND COSTS

The parties intend to meet and confer regarding the costs that parties will share to reduce overall discovery expenses, including a shared document repository or other cost-saving measures.

L. MODIFICATION

This Stipulated Order may be modified by a Stipulated Order of the parties or by the Court for good cause shown.

M. MISCELLANEOUS

This Stipulated Order is not intended to govern any protections or restrictions related to the production of privileged litigation material. Any documents recalled due to a mutually-agreed upon claw-back provision shall have a specific protocol followed to ensure all copies of each such document are appropriately removed from the review system of the opposite party.

IT IS SO STIPULATED, through Counsel of Record.

DATED: August 19, 2016

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1 DATED: August 19, 2016

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12
13
14 **ATTESTATION PURSUANT TO CIVIL LOCAL RULE 5-1(i)(3)**

15 I, Steve W. Berman, am the ECF User whose identification and password are being used to
16 file this [Proposed] Stipulated Order re: Discovery of Electronically Stored Information. In
17 compliance with Civil Local Rule 5-1(i)(3), I hereby attest that all signatories have concurred in this
filing.

18 Dated: August 19, 2016

19 By: /s/ Steve W. Berman
Steve W. Berman

ORDER

^{as amended}
PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: 9/9/2016


UNITED STATES ~~DISTRICT COURT~~ JUDGE
Magistrate
Howard R. Lloyd

EXHIBIT A
DEFINITIONS

A. “**Electronically stored information**” or “**ESI**,” as used herein, means and refers to computer generated information or data of any kind, stored in or on any storage media located on computers, file servers, disks, tape or other real or virtualized devices or media. Non limiting examples of ESI include:

- Digital communications (e.g., e-mail, voice mail, instant messaging);
- E-Mail Server Stores (e.g., Lotus Domino .NSF or Microsoft Exchange .EDB);
- Word processed documents (e.g., Word or WordPerfect files and drafts);
- Spreadsheets and tables (e.g., Excel or Lotus 123 worksheets);
- Accounting Application Data (e.g., QuickBooks, Money, Peachtree data);
- Image and Facsimile Files (e.g., .PDF, .TIFF, .JPG, .GIF images);
- Sound Recordings (e.g., .WAV and .MP3 files);
- Video and Animation (e.g., .AVI and .MOV files);
- Databases (e.g., Access, Oracle, SQL Server data, SAP);
- Contact and Relationship Management Data (e.g., Outlook, ACT!);
- Calendar and Diary Application Data (e.g., individual entries stored in an Outlook PST, blog entries);
- Online Access Data (e.g., Temporary Internet Files, History, Cookies);
- Presentations (e.g., PowerPoint, Corel Presentations);
- Network Access and Server Activity Logs;
- Project Management Application Data;
- Computer Aided Design/Drawing Files;
- Backup and Archival Files (e.g., Veritas, Zip, .GHO); and
- Cloud based or other virtualized ESI, including application, infrastructure and data.

1 B. “**Native File(s)**” or “**Native Format**” means and refers to ESI that has an associated file
2 structure defined by the creating or viewing application in the file type for (or of) the application in
3 which such ESI is normally created, viewed, modified and/or as used by the producing party in the
4 normal course of its business.

5 C. “**Metadata**” means and refers to information embedded in or associated with a Native File
6 (i) that does not constitute the primary content region of the file; (ii) that is not ordinarily viewable or
7 printable from the application that generated, edited, or modified such Native File that describes the
8 characteristics, origins, usage and/or validity of the electronic file; and/or (iii) that is generated
9 automatically by the operation of a computer or other information technology system when a Native
10 File is created, **modified**, transmitted, deleted or otherwise manipulated by a user of such system.

11 D. “**Database**” means or refers to a set of related files that is created and managed by a
12 Database Management System or DBMS.

13 E. “**Database Management System**” or “**DBMS**” means and refers to software that controls
14 the organization, storage, retrieval, security and integrity of data in a database.

15 F. “**Static Image**” means or refers to a representation of ESI produced by scanning paper
16 documents or converting a Native File to create a standard image format capable of being viewed
17 and printed on standard computer systems. A Tagged Image File Format (TIFF) image is an example
18 of a Static Image.

19 G. “**Documents**” means or refers to any electronic or tangible medium from which
20 information can be obtained and /or translated into reasonably usable form, and shall have the same
21 meaning as used in the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, including without limitation writings,
22 computer file, drawings, graphs, charts, photographs, sound recordings, images, video and other data,
23 data records or data.

24 H. “**Load/Unitization File**” means or refers to an electronic file containing information
25 identifying a set of paper-scanned images or processed ESI and containing (i) an indication of which
26 individual pages or files constitute each Document, including attachments, and links to the Static
27 Images associated with each Document; (ii) links to any Native Files, including attachments,
28

1 associated with each Document; and (iii) data relevant to each individual Document, including
2 extracted and user-created Metadata and coded data.

3 I. “**OCR**” means or refers to the optical character recognition file that is created by software
4 used in conjunction with a scanner that is capable of reading text-based documents and making such
5 documents searchable using appropriate software.

6 J. “**Extracted Text**” means or refers to the user-created text that can be electronically
7 extracted from a native file without the use of OCR. Extracted text is favored over OCR.

8 K. “**Receiving Party**” means or refers to the party receiving production of Documents in
9 response to any request for production of document(s) pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure
10 34(a) or pursuant to any initial production of documents identified in the party’s Rule 26(a)
11 disclosures.

12 L. “**Producing Party**” means or refers to the party producing Documents in response to any
13 request for production of documents pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34(a) or pursuant to
14 any initial production of documents identified in the party’s Rule 26(a) disclosures.

15 M. “**Bates Number**” means or refers to an identifier consisting of a two to seven letter prefix,
16 associated with the Producing Party’s name, followed by numbers (e.g., ABCD000000001). Each
17 page in the production is assigned a unique, incremental Bates number. The prefix must be the same
18 for all pages from the same Producing Party unless good reason exists for the Producing Party to use
19 a different prefix.

20 N. “**Media**” means an object or device, real or virtualized, including but not limited to a disc,
21 tape, computer or other device, on which data is or was stored.

EXHIBIT B**METADATA**

Field Name	Populated For Email, Efile, Calendar, Contact, or Paper ("ESI Items" collectively refers to Email, Efile, Calendar, and Contact) ("All Items" collectively refers to ESI Items and Paper)	Field Description
BegBates	All Items	First Bates number (production number) of an item
EndBates	All Items	Last Bates number (production number) of an item **The EndBates field should be populated for single-page items.
AttachRange	All Items	Bates number of the first page of the parent item to the Bates number of the last page of the last attachment "child" item
BegAttach	All Items	First Bates number of attachment range (i.e., Bates number of the first page of the first attachment)
EndAttach	All Items	Last Bates number of attachment range (i.e., Bates number of the last page of the last attachment)
PgCount	All Items	Number of pages in the item
Custodian	All Items	Name of person from whose files the item is produced
CustodianOther	All ESI Items	Name of the person(s), in addition to the Custodian, from whose files the item would have been produced if it had not been de-duplicated
FileSize	All ESI items	Size (in kilobytes) of the source native file
SourceFilePath	All ESI items	The directory structure or path where the original file was stored on the party's source computer system, ending in the filename. Any container name (such as ZIP or PST containers) is included in the path.
HashValue	All ESI items	The MD5 or SHA-1 hash value of the file.
NativeFileLink	All ESI items	Hyperlink path for documents provided in native format only. **The linked file must be named per the BegBates value.
SourceParty	All Items	Name of party producing the item
RecordType	All Items	Indicates item type (e.g., paper, email, edoc, image, attachment)
Application	All ESI items	Indicates software application that generated the ESI item (e.g., Outlook, word, etc.)
FileExtension	All ESI items	Indicates file extension of source native file
DateSent (mm/dd/yyyy)	Email, Calendar	Date email or calendar item was sent
LastModDate (mm/dd/yyyy)	All ESI items	Date the item was last modified
TimeSent (hh:mmAM/PM)	Email, Calendar	Time email or calendar item was sent
DateReceived	Email, Calendar	Date email or calendar item was received

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TimeReceived	Email, Calendar	Time email or calendar item was received
ParentBates	All Items	First Bates number for the parent item of a family **Will not be populated for items that are not part of a family. Should be populated in each record representing an attachment "child" item.
AttachBates	Email	First Bates number of each "child" attachment. **Can be more than one Bates number listed depending on the number of attachments. Should be populated in each record representing a "parent" document.
To	Email, Calendar	The names and SMTP email addresses of all recipients that were included on the "To" line of the email or calendar item
From	Email, Calendar	The name and SMTP email address of the sender of the email or calendar item
CC	Email, Calendar	The names and SMTP email addresses of all recipients that were included on the "CC" line of the email or calendar item
BCC	Email, Calendar	The names and SMTP email addresses of all recipients that were included on the "BCC" line of the email or calendar item
AttachCount	All Items	Number of attached, embedded or grouped items
AttachName	All ESI items	The file name(s) of the attached items
Importance Ranking	Email, Calendar	Level of importance/sensitivity of messages or calendar items
Follow- Up Flags	Email, Calendar	Tracks responses to messages or calendar items that were sent and follow up on messages or calendar that were received.
Status as READ or UNREAD	Email, Calendar	Whether or not a message or calendar item was READ or UNREAD.
MessageID	Email, Calendar	The unique message identifier generated by the source email or calendar system
PrevMessageID	Email	The MessageID of the previous message in the email thread (the message that was replied to or forwarded)
AgentID	All ESI items	The name and SMTP email address of any delegate who created the item "on behalf" of the owner/author
DateCreated (mm/dd/yyyy)	All ESI items	Date the item was created
TimeCreated (hh:mm AM/PM)	All ESI items	Time the item was created
ModifiedBy	All ESI items	Person who last modified or saved the item, as populated in the metadata or document properties of

Field Name	Populated For Email, Efile, Calendar, Contact, or Paper ("ESI Items" collectively refers to Email, Efile, Calendar, and Contact) ("All Items" collectively refers to ESI Items and Paper)	Field Description
		the native file
LastModTime (hh:mm AM/PM)	All ESI items	Time the item was last modified
LastAccessDate (mm/dd/yyyy)	All ESI items	Date the item was last accessed
LastAccessTime (hh:mm AM/PM)	All ESI items	Time the item was last accessed
FileName	All ESI items	The filename of the source native file for an ESI item
Title	Efile	Any value populated in the Title field of the source file metadata or item properties
Subject	All ESI items	Any value populated in the Subject field of the source file metadata or document properties (e.g., subject line of email or calendar item)
Author	All ESI items	Creator of the document; any value populated in the Author field of the source file metadata or document properties
TextPath	All Items	Full relative path to the current location of the document-level text file specified in Paragraph F(1)(iii)(B) of this ESI Stipulation and Order.
Redacted	All Items	User-generated field that will indicate redactions. "X," "Y," "Yes," "True," are all acceptable indicators that the document is redacted. Otherwise, blank.
Confidentiality	All Items	Indicates if item has been designated as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential" under the Protective Order
ContactNames	Contact	All names associated with contact entry (such as first, last, middle, nicknames, prefix, suffix, etc.)
ContactEmail	Contact	All email addresses associated with the contact record
ContactEmailAlias	Contact	For example, the name or reference that will display in the email address lines in place of the actual email address
ContactPhone	Contact	All phone numbers associated with the contact entry
Contact Mail	Contact	All physical mailing addresses associated with the contact entry
Contact URL	Contact	All URL addresses associated with the contact entry
ContactNotes	Contact	All free text entered by user that is associated with and reflected in contact entry
ContactAssociations	Contact	Identification of other contact entries associated with and reflected in the contact entry, such as contact

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		entry's assistant or manager
ContactTracking	Contact	Track contacts made with the person or entity shown in the contact entry, such as date and/or time and type of contact
ContactFollowup	Contact	Tracks responses to contact entries that were sent and follow up on contact entries that were received
ContactCategories	Contact	Specific fields designed to sort, filter or classify the contact entry
CalendarStartDate	Calendar	Calendar meeting/appointment start date
CalendarStarttime	Calendar	Calendar meeting/appointment start time
CalendarParticipants	Calendar	Calendar meeting/appointment attendees/participants/recipients
CalendarNotes	Calendar	All free text entered by user that is reflected in the body text section of the calendar entry
CalendarCategories	Calendar	Specific fields designed to sort, filter or classify calendar entries
CalendarResponse	Calendar	The acceptance response given by each attendee/participant/recipient to a proposed appointment or meeting invitation (such as accept, tentative or decline)
RFPNumber	Paper	Identifier used to reflect the document request to which the item is responsive
Timezone	All ESI Items	
HiddenData	All ESI Items	
InternetMsgID	All ESI Items	Globally unique identifier for a message, which typically includes message ID and a domain name (for instance, abcde123@abcde.123.net)